

# ANANDALAYA

## PRACTICE TEST

Class: XII

Subject: Geography
Date : 20/12/2019

M.M: 70
Time: 3 Hour

### **General Instructions:**

- i. There are 30 questions in all.
- ii. All questions are compulsory.
- iii. Question numbers 1 to 18 are Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each. Write only the correct answer in your answer sheets.
- iv. Question numbers 19 to 22 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 80-100 words.
- v. Question numbers 23 to 28 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 150 words.
- vi. Question numbers 29 and 30 are related to identification or location and labeling of geographical features on maps, carrying 5 marks each.
- vii. Outline map of India and World provided to you must be attached within your answer book.
- viii. Use of template or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

## **SECTION A**

1. Which one of the following is Agricultural density?

(1)

(1).

- a) Total population/net cultivated area
- b) Total agricultural population/net cultivated area
- c) Total population/total area
- d) Total area/total agricultural population

OR

Main worker is a person who works for :

- a) Atleast 183 days in a year
- b) Atleast 185 days in a year
- c) Less than 183 days in a year
- d) Less than 180 days in a year
- 2. "Ganapati migrated from Chiprupalli village to nearby Vishakhapatnam city for earning a better livelihood" Identify the correct form of migration and factor:
  - a) Rural to Urban migration due to a push factor.
  - b) Urban to rural migration due to a push factor.
  - c) Rural to Urban migration due to a pull factor.
  - d) Urban to rural migration due to a pull factor.
- 3. Which one of the following parameters decides an 'expanding population'?
  - a) When birth and death rates are almost equal.
  - b) When birth and death rates both are low.
  - c) When a narrow base of population pyramid reflects low birth rate.
  - d) When a wide base of population pyramid reflects high birth rate.

OR

Identify the country with the lowest sex ratio in the world:

- admity the country with the lowest sex ratio in the wor
  - a) Latvia
- b) U.A.E
- c) Qatar
- d) Saudi Arabia

4.	Which set of the towns among the following have all developed because of religious importance in India?		
	a) Jamshedpur, Varanasi, Nainital b) Musoorie, Jaisamer, Shimla c) Varanasi, Mathura, Pushkar d) Roorki, Jamshedpur, Kolkata		
	OR		
	Which among the following is not a type of rural settlements in India?  a) Clustered b) Semi-clustered c) Conurbation d) Dispersed or isolated		
5.	Which among the following is not a Geographical factor to determine the uneven distribution of population?	(1)	
	<ul><li>a) Presence of a desert</li><li>b) Source of a perennial river</li><li>c) Temperature throughout the year is below freezing point</li></ul>		
	d) Nearness to a thermal power plant		
6.	Which among the following is not a prescribed approach to measure human development?  a) Basic need approach  b) Welfare approach	(1)	
	c) Income approach d) Equity approach		
7.	Which among the following is not a 'food crop'?  a) Millets b) Pulses c) Jute d) Wheat	(1)	
	a) Willets b) I tilses c) Jute d) Wileat		
8.	Which one of the following is not a type of Primitive Agriculture? a) Jhumming b) Kolkhoz c) Milpa d) Ladang	(1)	
9.	Who among the following is not engaged in a primary activity?	(1)	
	<ul><li>a) Salvatore practices 'Viticulture' and spends whole day in his vineyard.</li><li>b) Khetrapal grows pulses with the crop rotation in his field.</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>c) Nyma is a full time worker in a rat hole mine in Cherrapunji.</li><li>d) Riddhiben runs her own 'Papad' making factory in Nadiad.</li></ul>		
10.	A Circular settlement pattern cannot develop in which of the following situations?  a) A common water body or a lake as a point of attraction.	(1)	
	b) A Religious place like a temple as a point of attraction.		
	<ul><li>c) Nearness to railway station and rail lines are the point of attraction.</li><li>d) A growing market is the point of attraction.</li></ul>		
11.	Which type of rural settlements among the following is not classified based on its function: <ul><li>a) A rectangular village</li><li>b) A fishermen's village</li></ul>	(1)	
	b) A pastoral village c) A farming village		
12.	Which among the following cities is not a mega city?  a) Tokyo  b) Mexico  c) Delhi  d) Addis Ababa	(1)	
	a) Tokyo b) McAleo e) Belli a) Addis Adaba		
13.	Which among the following is one of the oldest ports of India with an artificial harbor built in 1859?	(1)	
	a) Vishakhapatnam b) Chennai c) Kolkata d) Paradwip		
14.	Which among the following National Waterways links is correctly stated?  a) NW1 is stretching from Allahbad to Haldia.	(1)	
	b) NW2 is stretching from Kottapuram to Dhubri		
	c) NWI is from Kottapuram to Kollam.		
	d) NW3 is from Allahabad to Sadiya		

15. Complete the following table by writing appropriate answer:

Indian Railway Zones	Headquarters		
North Central	Allahabad		
Southern	?		
?	Bhubaneswar		
Eastern	Kolkata		

16. Choose the terminal of East-West Corridor in East:

Corridor in East: (1)

a) Porbandar

b) Guwahati

c) Silchar

d) Kolkata

17. Which of the following programmes is not a watershed Management programme?

(1)

(1)

- a) Haryali programme
- b) Bharmaur Tribal Region programme
- c) Arvary Pani Sansad programme
- d) Neeru-Meeru programme.

18.. Which among the following is a 'kharif' crop?

(1)

- a) Wheat
- b) Cotton
- c) Barley

d) Gram

#### **SECTION B**

19. a) "Most of the world's great ports are classified as comprehensive ports."

Justify the statement by explaining the function of a comprehensive port.

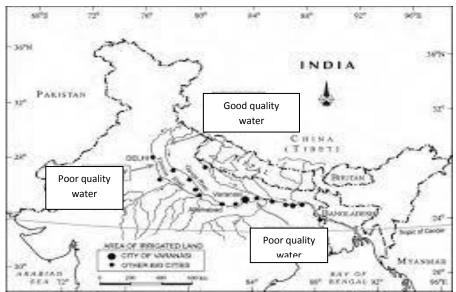
(3)

(3)

(3)

- b) How comprehensive ports are different from Industrial and Commercial ports respectively?
- 20. How is Neodeterminism different from Environmental Determinism? Explain with suitable (3) Examples.

21.



- (i) Why do we have good quality river water near the mountains and poor quality in the lower plains?
- (ii) What can be the role of each individual citizen in controlling water pollution?
- 22. "Human labour productivity means productivity in terms of human work".

  How does productivity works like a pillar of human development? Comment on this.

OR

"Empowerment means to have the power to make choices".

Do you think that the process of human development should emphasize on empowering the society? If yes, analyze why a particular group of people need this more.

#### SECTION C

23. "Traditional methods of resource use result into generating enormous quantity of waste." (5) Comprehend the statement in relation to the development of non conventional sources of energy in India by giving suitable example.

OR

"Petroleum is referred to as liquid gold." Justify the statement by analyzing significance of petroleum on any five aspects.

- 24. Critically analyse how the introduction of Indira Gandhi Canal irrigation project in the dry lands (5) of Rajasthan has influenced the environmental conditions of the region on any five aspects.
- 25. Analyse the factors that favored the concentration of iron and steel industries in the Chhota Nagpur region in India.

OR

Compare the locational advantages of the development of sugar mills in Maharashtra and Uttar Pradesh.

- Explain the benefits of medical tourism in India for both developed and developing countries (5) respectively with suitable examples.
- Analyse the importance and salient features of the Suez canal from commercial and Geographical 27. (5) point of view. (Discuss on any five aspects)

OR

Analyse the economic and political reasons for the development of Trans-Siberian Railway in Russia.

28. "Slums are residential areas of the least choice." Justify the statement by analysing any five characteristics features of 'Dharavi' slum of India.

(5)

(5)

How has water pollution become hazardous for many rivers of India? Explain by giving suitable examples especially from the Ganga and the Yamuna rivers respectively.

- Locate and Label any five of the following on the given political outline map of India.(any five) (5)
  - a) State having the highest density of road
  - b) Major seaport located in Odisha
  - c) International airport in Punjab
  - d) One Iron ore mine in Karnataka
  - e) One Cotton textile industry in Gujarat
  - f) State with the lowest literacy rate
  - g) An industrial region in West Bengal
  - h) Biggest sea port of India
- 30. Five Geographical features shown on the given Political outline map of the world as A, B, C, D (5) and **E**. Identify these features with the help of the key given below and write their correct names on the blanks marked on the map near them.
  - A- Area of Mixed farming
  - B- A major airport of Asia
  - C- A waterway
  - D- Industrial region
  - E- A major sea port of Australia